

FOR MESSRS :

DATE : Feb. 01st ,2023

# CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS

# TX18D216VM0BAC

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# 2. RECORD OF REVISION

DATE	SHEET No.	SUMMARY								
Mar.14,'22	7B64PS 2703- TX18D216VM0BAC-2 Page 3-1/1	Revised Module Dimensions and Color Pixel Arrangement								
	7B64PS 2711-	Revised 11.2	Revised 11.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION							
	TX18D216VM0BAC-2		Average dia	meter (mm)	Maximum num	ber				
	Page 11-2/3	Bubbles on polariz	0.3 <d< td=""><td></td><td>Ignored 12</td><td></td><td></td></d<>		Ignored 12					
			0.5<	)	Not allowed	1				
				$\downarrow$						
			Average dia	meter (mm) D≦0.3	Maximum num Ignored	iber				
		Bubbles on polariz	0.3 <e< td=""><td>0≦0.5</td><td>10</td><td></td><td></td></e<>	0≦0.5	10					
			0.5<[		Not allowed					
			Bright dot-defe		ot	im number 0				
		Dot-Defect (Note 1)	Dark dot-defe	1 d		4 sets)				
				In total	otal	4 4				
				$\downarrow$	·					
				Тур		n number				
		Dot-Defect	Bright dot-defe	ct 1 do 1 do		0 5				
		(Note 1)	Dark dot-defect	t 2 do	· · · · · ·	ets) 5				
	TX18D216VM0BAC-3 Page 1-1/1 7B64PS 2713- TX18D216VM0BAC-3 Page 13-1/1 7B64PS 2703- TX18D216VM0BAC-3 Page 3-1/1	Company logo changed : → Company logo changed : JDI Taiwan Inc. → Japan Display Inc. 3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES Correction on Upper Polarizer Upper Polarizer Glare type and Circular polarized solution								
		↓								
		Upper Polarizer Anti-Glare coating								
JDI Taiwa	an Inc. Kaohsiung Branch	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 270	)2-TX18D216	VM0BAC-3	PAGE	2-1/1			

# 3. GENERAL DATA

## **3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES**

This module is a 7" WVGA of 16:9 format LTPS TFT. The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R (red), G (green), B (blue) sequentially. This display is RoHS compliant, COG (chip on glass) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display.

Part Name	TX18D216VM0BAC
Module Dimensions	167.7(W) mm x 109.55(H) mm x 9.0 (D) mm (Typ.)
LCD Active Area	152.4(W) mm x 91.44(H) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.1905(W) mm x 0.1905 (H) mm
Resolution	800 x 3(RGB)(W) x 480(H) Dots
Color Pixel Arrangement	B, G, R Vertical Stripe
LCD Type	Transmissive Color TFT; Normally Black
Display Type	Active Matrix
Number of Colors	16.7M Colors (8-bit RGB)
Backlight	Light Emitting Diode (LED)
Weight	226 g
Interface	LVDS; 20 pins
Power Supply Voltage	3.3V for LCD; 15V for Backlight
Power Consumption	0.3W for LCD; 3.6W for Backlight
Viewing Direction	Super Wide Version (In-Plane Switching)
Upper Polarizer	Anti-Glare coating

# 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	4.0	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic	Vı	-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V	Note 1
Operating Temperature	Тор	-40	85	°C	Note 2
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	90	°C	Note 2
Backlight Input Current	ILED	-	120	mA	-

Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as CLK and pixel data pairs.

- Note 2: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the chamber temperature, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:
  - Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than 25  $\,^\circ\mathrm{C}\,.$
  - Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

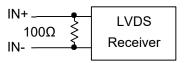
# 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

Ta	= 25	° <i>C</i> ,	Vss	= 0V

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks	
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	-	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-	
Differential Input		"H" level	-	-	+100			
Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold	Vı	"L" level	-100	-	-	mV	Note 1	
Power Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V	-	90	110	mA	Note 2	
Frame Frequency	$f_{Frame}$	-	57	60	65	Hz		
CLK Frequency	$f_{CLK}$	-	31.5	33.3	36	MHz		

Note 1: VCM 1.2V is common mode voltage of LVDS transmitter and receiver. The input terminal of LVDS transmitter is terminated with  $100\Omega$ .



Note 2: An all white check pattern is used when measuring  $I_{DD}$ .  $f_{Frame}$  is set to 60 Hz. Moreover, 1.0A fuse is applied in the module for  $I_{DD}$ . For display activation and protection purpose, power supply is recommended larger than 2.5A to start the display and break fuse once any short circuit occurred.

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5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS $T_a = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$								
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks	
LED Input Voltage	VLED	Backlight Unit	-	15	-	V	Note 1	
LED Forward Current	ILED	Per string	-	80	120	mA	-	
LED Lifetime	-	I <sub>LED</sub> = 80 mA	-	100K	-	hrs	Note 2	

Note 1: As Fig. 5.1 shown the LED backlight circuit.

Note 2: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 80mA at  $25\,^\circ\mathrm{C}\,.$ 

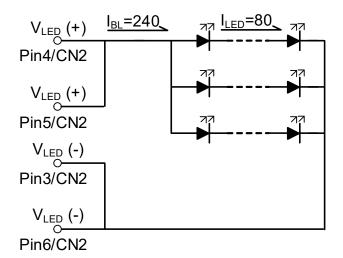


Fig 5.1

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# 6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.
- The backlight unit needs to be turned on for 30 minutes.
- The ambient temperature is 25  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}\,.$
- In the dark room less than 100 lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in Fig 6.1.

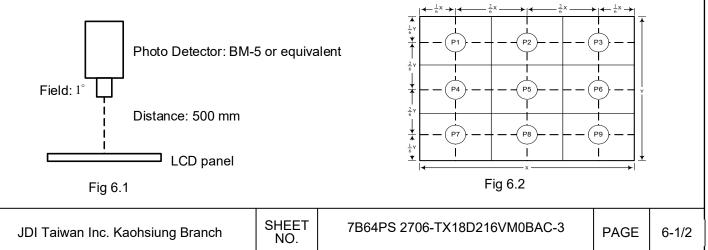
					$T_a$	= 25 ° <i>C</i> , <i>f</i>	$f_{Frame} = 60  \text{Hz}$	z, Vdd = 3.3V	
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks	
Brightness o	f White	-		900	1200	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note 1	
Brightness Ur	niformity	-	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ},$	70	-	-	%	Note 2	
Contrast F	Ratio	CR	I <sub>BL</sub> = 240mA	700	1000	-	-	Note 3	
Response	Time	$T_r + T_f$	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	30	40	ms	Note 4	
NTSC R	atio	-	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	70	-	%	-	
		$\theta \mathbf{x}$	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	-	85	-			
	nala	θ x'	φ = 180 °, CR ≥ 10	-	85	-	Dearras	Note 5	
Viewing A	ngie	θy	$\phi = 90^{\circ}$ , CR $\geq 10$	-	85	-	Degree		
		$\theta$ y'	$\phi=270^{\circ}, \mathrm{CR}\geq10$	-	85	-			
	Ded	Х		0.60	0.65	0.70	-		
	Red	Y		0.27	0.32	0.37			
	Croop	Х		0.27	0.32	0.37			
Color	Green	Y		0.56	0.61	0.66			
Chromaticity	Plue	Х	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	0.10	0.15	0.20	-	Note 6	
	Blue	Y		0.01	0.06	0.11	-		
	White	Х		0.26	0.31	0.36			
	vville	Y		0.28	0.33	0.38			

Note 1: The brightness is measured from the center point of the panel, P5 in Fig. 6.2, for the typical value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

Brightness uniformity = <u>Min. Brightness</u> X100%

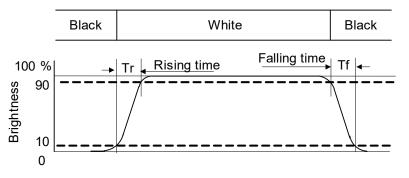
which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points in active area measured by BM-5 as shown in Fig. 6.2.



Note 3: The Contrast Ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

 $CR = \frac{Brightness of White}{Brightness of Black}$ 

Note 4: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.3. The rising time is the period from 10% brightness to 90% brightness when the data is from black to white. Oppositely, Falling time is the period from 90% brightness falling to 10% brightness.





Note 5: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.4. Angle  $\phi$  is used to represent viewing directions, for instance,  $\phi = 270^{\circ}$  means 6 o'clock, and  $\phi = 0^{\circ}$  means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle  $\theta$  is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

The display is super wide viewing angle version, so that the best optical performance can be obtained from every viewing direction.

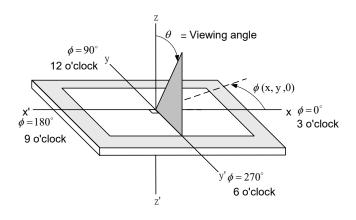
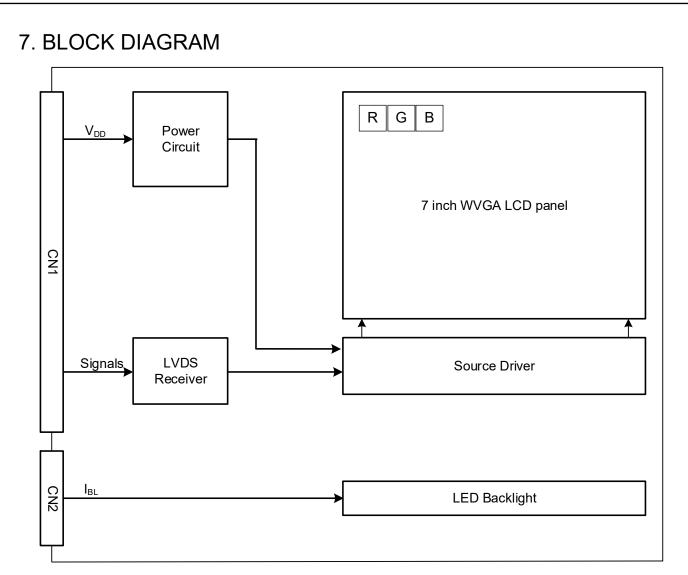


Fig 6.4

Note 6: The color chromaticity is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, as shown in Fig. 6.2.



Note 1: Signals are CLK and pixel data pairs.

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# 8. RELIABILITY TESTS

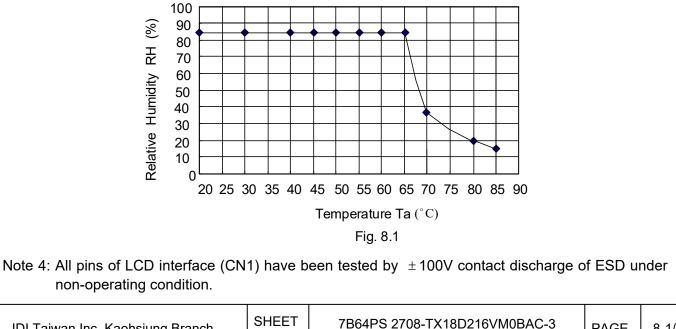
Test Item	Condition				
High Temperature	1) Operating 2) 85 ° <sub>C</sub>	500 hrs			
Low Temperature	1) Operating 2) -40 °C	500 hrs			
High Temperature	1) Storage 2) 90 °C	500 hrs			
Low Temperature	1) Storage 2) -40 °C	500 hrs			
Heat Cycle	1) Operating 2) –40° c ~85 ° c 3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs	500 hrs			
Thermal Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) -40 °C ↔ 85 °C 3) 0.5 hr ↔ 0.5 hr	500 hrs			
High Temperature & Humidity	<ol> <li>Operating</li> <li>65 °C &amp; 85%RH</li> <li>Without condensation</li> </ol>	500 hrs (Note 3)			
Vibration	<ol> <li>1) Non-Operating</li> <li>2) 10~200 Hz</li> <li>3) 5G</li> <li>4) X, Y, and Z directions</li> </ol>	1 hr for each direction			
Mechanical Shock	<ol> <li>Non-Operating</li> <li>10 ms</li> <li>80G</li> <li>±X, ±Y and ±Z directions</li> </ol>	Once for each direction			
ESD	1) Operating 2) Tip: 150 pF, 330 $\Omega$ 3) Air discharge for glass: ± 12KV 4) Contact discharge for metal frame: ± 15KV	1) Glass: 9 points 2) Metal frame: 8 points (Note4)			

Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.

Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.

NO.

Note 3: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than 60°C, the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.



# 9. LCD INTERFACE

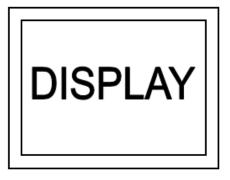
### 9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

The display interface connector (CN1) is FI-SEB20P-HF13E-E1500 made by JAE and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Pin No.	Symbol	Signal
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Dewer Sumply for Logic	11	IN2-	
2	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply for Logic	12	IN2+	B4~B7, DE,
3	Vss	GND	13	Vss	GND
4	Vss	GND	14	CLK IN-	Divel Cleak
5	IN0-		15	CLK IN+	Pixel Clock
6	IN0+	R2~R7, G2	16	Vss	GND
7	Vss	GND	17	IN3-	
8	IN1-	C2. C7. D2. D2	18	IN3+	R0~R1, G0~G1, B0~B1
9	IN1+	- G3~G7, B2~B3	19	NC	No connection
10	Vss	GND	20	SD	Note 2

Note 1: IN n- and IN n+ (n=0, 1, 2), CLK IN- and CLK IN+ should be wired by twist-pairs or side-byside FPC patterns, respectively.

Note 2: Scan direction is available to be switched as below.



Normal : Low or Default

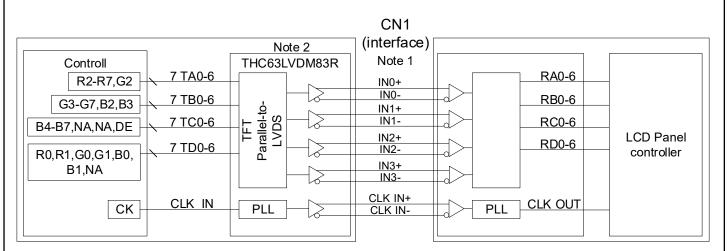


Reverse : High

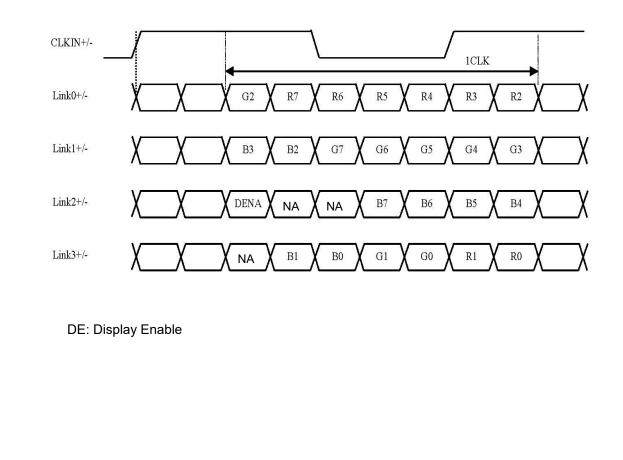
The backlight connector (CN2) is SM06B-SHLS-TF, and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Signal	Function
1	NC	-
2	NC	-
3	V <sub>LED-</sub>	GND
4	V <sub>LED+</sub>	Power Supply for LED
5	V <sub>LED+</sub>	Power Supply for LED
6	V <sub>LED-</sub>	GND

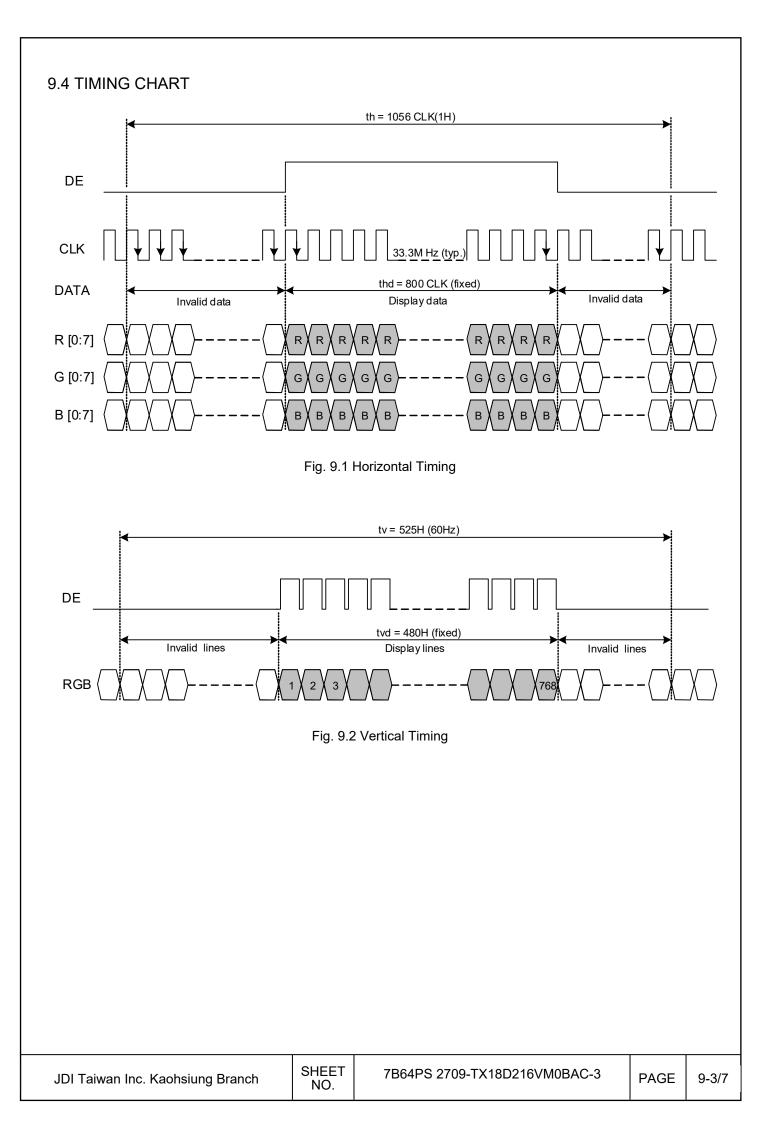
## 9.2 LVDS INTERFACE



- Note 1: LVDS cable impedance should be 100 ohms per signal line when each 2-lines (+, -) is used in differential mode.
- Note 2: The recommended transmitter, THC63LVDM83R, is made by Thine or equivalent, which is not contained in the module.



### 9.3 LVDS DATA FORMAT



### 9.5 TIMING TABLE

The column of timing sets including minimum, typical, and maximum as below are based on the best optical performance, frame frequency ( $f_{Frame}$ ) = 60Hz to define. If 60 Hz is not the aim to set, less than 65 Hz for  $f_{Frame}$  is recommended to apply for better performance by other parameter combination as the definitions in section 5.1.

A. Horizontal and Vertical Timing

	ltem	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
	CLK Frequency	fclk	31.5	33.3	36	MHz	
Horizontal	Display Data	thd					
	Cycle Time	th	1000	1056	1144	CLK	
Martinal	Display Line	tvd	480				
Vertical	Cycle Time	tv		525		Н	

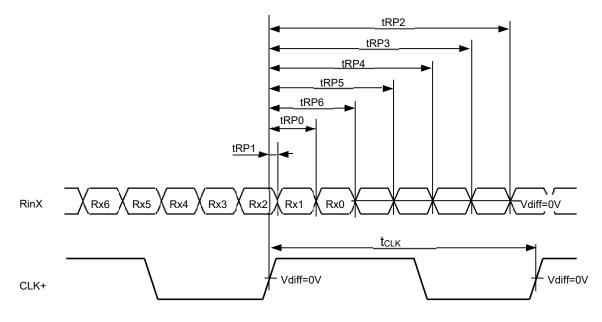
Note 1: The rise and fall times (tr, tf) of CLK is equal or less than 3ns.

Other signals are equal or less than 10ns.

Note 2: For timing of input signals, they are set using 30% and 70% of  $V_{\text{DD}}$  as the base reference

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## 9.6 LVDS RECEIVER TIMING

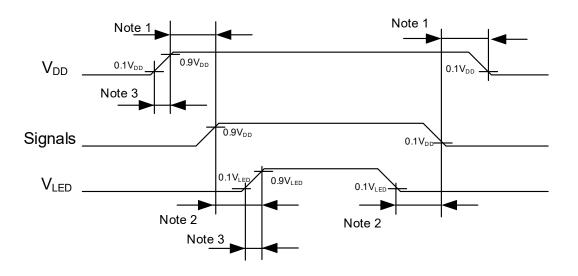


#### RinX= (RinX+)-(RinX-) (X=0, 1, 2)

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
CLK	Cycle frequency	1/tcLK	31.5	33.3	36	MHz	
1st data 2nd data	0 data position	tRP0	1/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	1/7* t <sub>СLК</sub>	1/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49		
	1st data position	tRP1	-0.49	0	+0.49		
	2nd data position	tRP2	6/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	6/7* t <sub>СLК</sub>	6/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49		
RinX	3rd data position	tRP3	5/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	5/7* t <sub>СLК</sub>	5/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49	ns	
(X=0,1,2)	4th data position	tRP4	4/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	4/7* t <sub>СLК</sub>	4/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49		
	5th data position	tRP5	3/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	3/7* tськ	3/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49		
	6th data position	tRP6	2/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	2/7* tськ	2/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49		

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### 9.7 POWER SEQUENCE

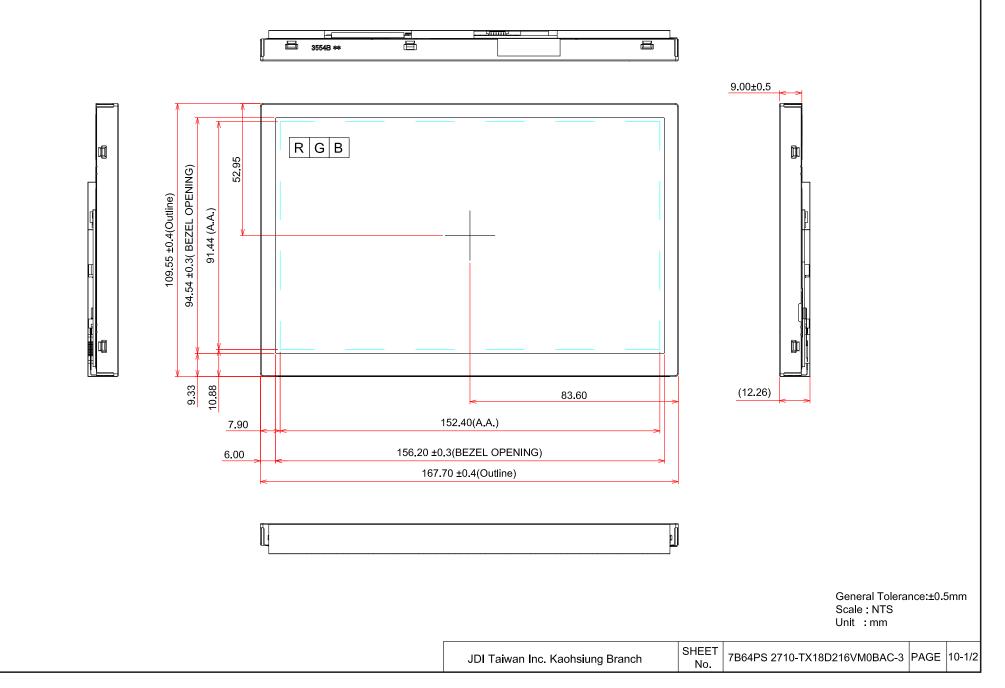


- Note 1: In order to avoid any damages, V<sub>DD</sub> has to be applied before all other signals. The opposite is true for power off where V<sub>DD</sub> has to be remained on until all other signals have been switch off. The recommended time period is 1 second.
- Note 2: In order to avoid showing uncompleted patterns in transient state. It is recommended that switching the backlight on is delayed for 1 second after the signals have been applied. The opposite is true for power off where the backlight has to be switched off 1 second before the signals are removed.
- Note 3: In order to avoid high Inrush current,  $V_{DD}$  rising time need to set more than 0.5ms.

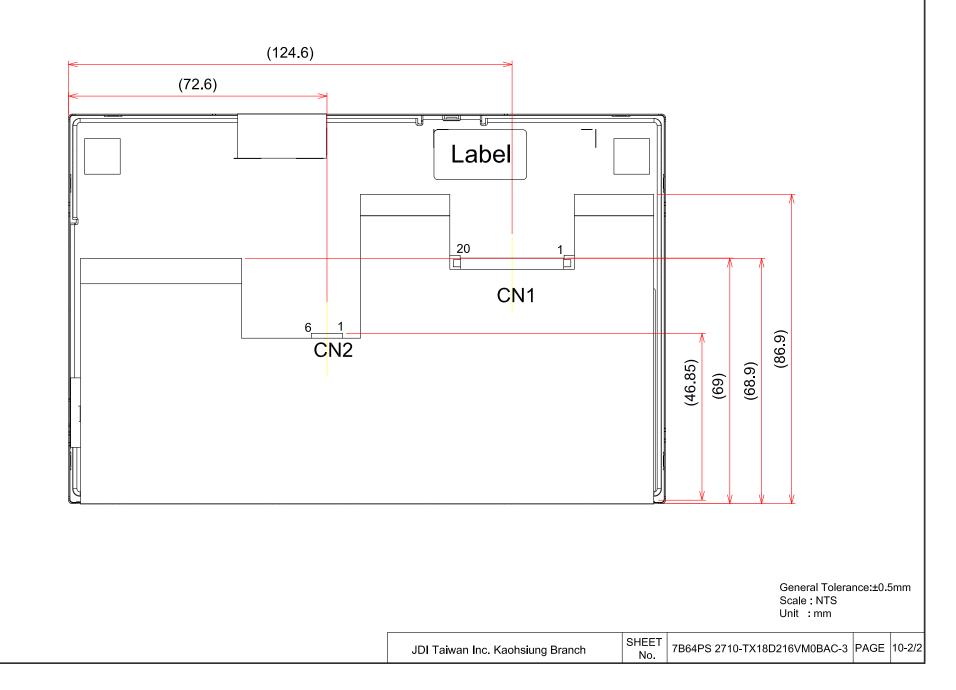
# 9.9 DATA INPUT for DISPLAY COLOR

					Red	Data	ı					G	Green	Dat	a						Blue	Data	1		
Input		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
color	r	MSB	1	1			1	1	LSB	MSB	1	1	1	1	1	1	LSB	MSB		1	1	1			LSB
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	: 	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1 0
	Blue(254) Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	ote 1: Def	initio nbei	on o r cor	f gra	ay so pono	cale ds to	: Co brig	olor( ghte	(n) N	lum	_			-											1
JI	JDI Taiwan Inc. Kaohsiung Branch			ing E		7B64PS 2709-TX18D216VM0BAC-3					6VM		PA	GE	9	-7/7									

## 10. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS 10.1 FRONT VIEW



10.2 RAER VIEW



# 11. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a room around 500~1000 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle  $\theta$  shown in Fig. 11.1 The inspection should be performed within 45° when display is shut down. The inspection should be performed within 5° when display is power on.

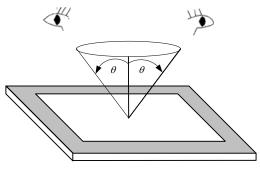


Fig. 11.1

### 11.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 2 areas as shown in Fig.11.2 for appearance specification in next section. A zone is the LCD active area (dot area); B zone is the area between A zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

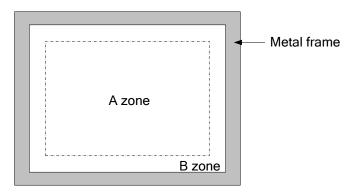


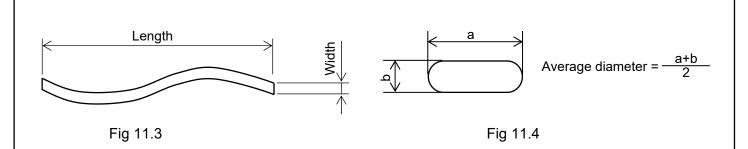
Fig. 11.2

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### 11.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

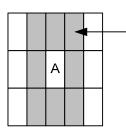
The specification as below is defined as the amount of unexpected phenomenon or material in different zones of LCD panel. The definitions of length, width and average diameter using in the table are shown in Fig. 11.3 and Fig. 11.4.

Item			Cri	teria			Applied zone		
	Length (mm)	Width (mm)		Maximum number		Minimum space			
	Ignored	٧	V≦0.02	Ignored	b	-			
Scratches	L≦40	0.02 < \	W≦0.04	10		-			
	-	0.04 <	W	Not allow	ved	-	A ∖ B		
	Round (Dot Shape)								
	Average diameter	(mm)	Maxim	um number	Mir	nimum space			
	D≦0.2		I	gnore		-			
	D≦0.4			10		-			
Dent		Se	rious one	is not allowed			А		
Wrinkles in polarizer		Se	rious one	is not allowed			А		
Bubbles on polarizer	Average diam	neter (m	ım)	Max	kimum n	umber			
	Dă	≦0.3				d	А		
	0.3 <d≦< td=""><td>≦0.5</td><td></td><td></td><td>10</td><td></td><td>~</td></d≦<>	≦0.5			10		~		
	0.5 <d< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Not allow</td><td>wed</td><td></td></d<>				Not allow	wed			
		Fila	amentous	(Line shape)					
	Length (mm)		Widtl	n (mm)	Max	imum number			
	Ignored		W≦	≦0.02		Ignored	A \ B		
	L≦2.0		W≦0.03			10			
1) Stains	L≦1.0		W≦						
2) Foreign Materials									
3) Dark Spot	Average diameter (r	mm)	Maximum number			imum Space			
o) Dan opor	D≦0.22			ored		-			
	$0.22 < D \le 0.33$			5		-	A   B		
	0.33 <d< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>0</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></d<>			0		-			
	In total			Filamentous -	+ Round	l=10			
		Those	wiped out e	asily are accept	able				
			Туре			imum number			
Dot-Defect	Bright dot-defect	t	1 dot			0			
(Note 1)				dot		5	A		
	Dark dot-defect			dots		2(sets)	l I		
			In	total		5			



Note 1: The definitions of dot defect are as below:

- For bright dot-defect, showing black pattern, visible with 5% ND filter is defined.
- For dark dot-defect, showing white pattern, defect size over 1/2 dot area is defined.
- The definition of 1-dot-defect is the defect-dot, which is isolated and no adjacent defect-dot.
- The definition of adjacent dot is shown as Fig. 11.5.
- The Density of dot defect is defined in the area within diameter  $_{\varphi}$  =10mm.



The dots colored gray are adjacent to defect-dot A.



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# 12. PRECAUTIONS

### 12.1 PRECAUTIONS of ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 2) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

### 12.2 PRECAUTIONS of HANDLING

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition; please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not pile the displays in order to avoid any scars leaving on the display. In order to avoid any injuries, please pay more attention for the edges of glasses and metal frame, and wear finger cots to protect yourself and the display before working on it.
- 3) Touching the display area or the terminal pins with bare hand is prohibited. This is because it will stain the display area and cause poor insulation between terminal pins, and might affect display's electrical characteristics furthermore.
- 4) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 5) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 6) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanently damages.
- 7) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than  $1,96 \times 10^4$  Pa. If the area of adding pressure is less than  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96N.

### 12.3 PRECAUTIONS of OPERATING

- Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also, any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature, the response time will be slower than it at 25 C°. In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However, these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than  $\pm$  100 mV.

### 12.4 PRECAUTIONS of STORAGE

If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long-term storage temperature is between 10 C° ~35 C° and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses, and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container, which is shipped from JDI, and do not unpack it.
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

### 12.5 PRECAUTIONS of IMAGE STICKING

- 1) Do not display the fixed image or very frequently repeated clips in a long period of time, it may cause image sticking on display. Even a video of several minutes, which is played in a loop, is considered as repetitive.
- 2) Screensaver or power saving mode is recommended to avoid image sticking effectively. Using moving images, scrolling text and alternating a fixed image with a moving image, are the ideal ways to reduce the possibility of image sticking.
- 3) Additionally, it is important to avoid using static bars at image boundaries. Typically, such bars are a result of difference in aspect ratio (e.g., playing 4:3 content on a 16:9 display).

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# 13. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.13.1. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.

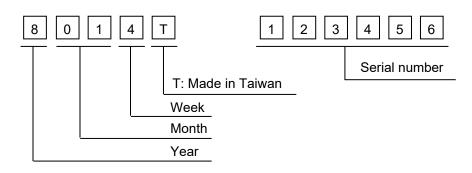


Fig.	13.1
	-

2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

Year	Lot Mark	
2018	8	
2019	9	
2020	0	
2021	1	
2022	2	

Month	Lot Mark	Month	Lot Mark
Jan.	01	Jul.	07
Feb.	02	Aug.	08
Mar.	03	Sep.	09
Apr.	04	Oct.	10
May	05	Nov.	11
Jun.	06	Dec.	12

Week	Lot Mark
1~7 days	1
8∼14 days	2
15~21 days	3
22~28 days	4
29~31 days	5

3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be shown on lot mark and following letters A to Z.

4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 13.2.



Label example :

Fig. 13.2